Claim Amendments

Claim 1 (currently amended): An electron gun comprising:

an RF cavity having a first side with an <u>electron</u> emitting surface and a second side with [[a]] <u>an electron</u> transmitting and emitting section; and

a mechanism for producing an oscillating force which encompasses is applied to

the emitting surface and the transmitting and emitting section so electrons are directed between the emitting surface and the transmitting and emitting section to contact the emitting surface sand additional electrons and to contact the transmitting and emitting section to generate additional electrons or escape the cavity through the transmitting and emitting section, a time t with a resulting gain of electrons in a unidirectional flow after $[N_{RF}$ periods] is $[[[\delta_2\delta_1(1-T)]^N]]$ [$\delta_2\delta_1(1-T)]^{(\omega t/2n)}$, where N is an integer greater than or equal to one, $\delta_1[[,]]$ is the number of secondary electrons emitted from the emitting surface, T is the ratio of transmitted to incident electrons for the transmitting and emitting section, and δ_2 is the section electron secondary yield.

Claim 2 (previously presented): A gun as described in Claim 1 wherein said transmitting and emitting section isolating the cavity from external forces to the cavity.

Claim 3 (previously presented): A gun as described in Claim 2 wherein the transmitting and emitting section includes a transmitting and emitting double screen.

Claim 4 (currently amended): A gun as described in Claim 3 wherein the producing mechanism includes a mechanism for producing an oscillating electric field disposed adjacent the RF cavity that provides the <u>oscillating</u> force and has a radial component that confines the electrons to a region between the <u>respective</u> double screen and the <u>corresponding</u> emitting surface.

Claim 5 (currently amended): A gun as described in Claim 4 wherein the respective double screen is of an annular shape.

Claims 6 and 7 (canceled).

Claim 8 (currently amended): A gun as described in Claim 4 including a mechanism for producing a magnetic field disposed adjacent the RF cavity to force the electrons to stay between the respective double screen and the corresponding emitting surface.

Claim 9 (currently amended): A method for producing electrons characterized by the steps of:

moving at least a first electron in a first direction;

striking a first area with the first electron;

producing additional electrons at the first area due to the first electron;

moving the additional electrons from the first area to a second area; and

transmitting the additional electrons through the second area and creating $\delta_2[\delta_1(1-T)]$ secondary electrons due to the additional electrons from the first area striking the second area, where N is an integer greater than or equal to one, $\delta_1[\beta]$ is the number of secondary electrons emitted from the emitting surface second area, T is the ratio of transmitted to incident electrons for the section second area, and δ_2 is the section second area electron secondary yield.